# <u>CONTINUATION PUBLIC HEARING – INTRODUCTORY DRAFT LOCAL LAW – AMENDMENT</u> TO CHAPTER 182, TAXICABS:

## PUBLIC HEARING 12.05.23 – 7:00 PM INTRODUCTORY DRAFT LOCAL LAW OF 2023, "AMENDMENT TO CHAPTER 182, TAXICABS"

A Public Hearing was held on Tuesday, December 5, 2023 in the boardroom of the Village Hall, 7 Stage Road, Monroe, NY at 7:00PM to review a proposed Local Law, titled "Amendment to Chapter 182, Taxicabs." The Village Board of Trustees finds that it is appropriate to conform its local regulations of taxicabs to insurance requirements set forth in the New York State Vehicle and Traffic Law 370.

Present: Mayor Dwyer, Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl and O'Connor Also present: Attorney Terhune and Clerk Zahra

On a motion by Trustee Behringer, seconded by Trustee Karl, and carried, the public hearing was opened at 7:00PM.

There were 4 people from the public present for the public hearing. There was no written correspondence received. The public hearing was left open for 8 minutes.

With no further comments or questions, on a motion by Trustee Ferraro, seconded by Trustee Karl and carried, the public hearing was adjourned at 7:08PM.

# VILLAGE OF MONROE BOARD OF TRUSTEES MEETING TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 2023

(www.villageofmonroe.org)

The first of the bi-monthly meetings of the Board of Trustees was held on Tuesday, December 5, 2023 at 7:00 PM in the Boardroom of the Village Hall, 7 Stage Road, Monroe, New York. Mayor Neil S. Dwyer called the meeting to order and led in the pledge to the flag. Emergency exits were announced.

Present: Mayor Dwyer; Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl, and O'Connor

Also present: Attorney Terhune and Clerk Zahra

# MINUTE APPROVAL – NOVEMBER 21, 2023 BOARD MEETING:

On a motion by Trustee Behringer seconded by Trustee Karl, the Minutes of the November 21, 2023 Board Meeting were approved.

Ayes: Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, and Karl

**Navs: None** 

Abstain: Trustee O'Connor

# <u>AUTHORIZATION TO SIGN - 2024 INDEPENDENCE DAY – GARDEN STATE FIREWORKS:</u>

RESOLVED, the Board of Trustees approve a contract with Garden State Fireworks, P.O. Box 403, Millington, NJ 07946 for furnishing and conducting a firework display on Wednesday, July 3, 2024 (rain date of Friday, July 5<sup>th</sup>) in the amount \$21,000.00, 50% Deposit of \$10,500.00 due at signing of contract. \$10,500.00 due immediately following the display. It is further:

RESOLVED, Mayor Dwyer is authorized to sign the contract agreement with Garden State Fireworks.

On a motion by Trustee Karl, seconded by Trustee O'Connor

Ayes: Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl and O'Connor

Nays: None

### LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY HOLIDAY RESCHEDULED:

RESOLVED, due to a clerical error, the Board of Trustees accept the rescheduled holiday date from Friday, February 9, 2024, Lincoln's Birthday, to Monday, February 12, 2024, to follow the 2024 calendar.

On a motion by Trustee Behringer, seconded by Trustee Ferraro

Ayes: Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl and O'Connor

**Navs: None** 

# ADOPTION OF LOCAL LAW #22 OF 2023 – AMENDMENT TO CHAPTER 182, TAXICABS:

WHEREAS, the Village Board of the Village of Monroe, New York ("Village Board") duly noticed a public hearing held on November 21, 2023 and December 5, 2023; and

WHEREAS, the Village Board solicited public comment during said public hearing on November 21, 2023 and December 5, 2023; and

WHEREAS, the proposed local law amends Chapter 182, Taxicabs; and

### NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that:

- 1. The above "WHEREAS" paragraphs are incorporated herein by reference.
- 2. The Local Law, "Amendment to Chapter 182, Taxicabs," as attached is adopted as Local Law No. 22 of 2023 of the Village of Monroe on December 5, 2023.
- 3. The Village Board hereby directs the Village Clerk to take all steps to process and file said Local Law.
  - 4. This Resolution shall be effective immediately.

On a motion by Trustee Karl, seconded by Trustee Behringer

Ayes: Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl and O'Connor

**Nays: None** 

# VILLAGE OF MONROE LOCAL LAW NO. 22 OF 2023 AMENDMENT TO CHAPTER 182, TAXICABS

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Monroe, Orange County, New York, as follows:

**Section 1.** Legislative Intent and Purposes.

The Village Board of Trustees in consultation with the Chief of Police finds and determines that Chapter 182, which regulates taxi licenses and drivers in the Village, should include specific insurance requirements contained in the New York State Vehicle and Traffic Law to further address the health and safety of the traveling public and Village residents.

### **Section 2.** Authority.

This local law is enacted by the Village Board of Trustees of the Village of Monroe pursuant to its authority to adopt local laws contained in the New York State Constitution and Section 10 of the Municipal Home Rule Law.

**Section 3.** Chapter 182, "Taxicabs."

Subsection § 182-1, titled, "Definitions," shall be amended as follows (added text underlined):

#### **TAXICAB**

Every motor vehicle, other than a bus, used in the business of transporting passengers for compensation, and operated in such business under a license or permit issued by a local authority Any motor vehicle having a seating capacity of not more than seven persons in addition to the driver, engaged in the business of carrying persons for compensation whether the same be operated from a street stand or subject to calls from a garage or otherwise operated for compensation, except vehicles subject to the provisions of the Public Service Law, or used by undertakers in carrying on their undertaking business. However, it shall not include vehicles which are rented or leased without a driver.

Section § 182-8, titled, "Application for a taxicab license," subparagraph (A)[h], titled, "Proof of Insurance," shall be amended to reference the insurance requirements under New York State Vehicle and Traffic Law § 370 as follows (added text underlined):

[h] Proof of insurance. No vehicle shall be licensed as a taxicab hereunder unless it has a "for hire" insurance policy or corporate surety bond in effect pursuant to New York State Vehicle and Traffic Law § 370. No vehicle shall be licensed as a taxicab hereunder unless it is insured by a public policy

for damages for death or injuries to persons in the amount provided in the laws, rules and regulations established by the State of New York as the minimum required of any vehicle operated as a taxicab. Failure to provide said proof shall render the application incomplete.

Section 182-10, titled, "General duties and requirements for owners of licensed vehicles," subsection R shall be amended to reference the insurance requirements under New York State Vehicle and Traffic Law § 370 as follows (added text underlined):

R. Maintain proper vehicle insurance for all owned or operated taxis in accordance with the New York State Motor Vehicle Law § 370 and shall report a revocation or cancellation of insurance immediately to the licensing official.

Section 182-18, subsection E, titled, "Suspension and revocation of license," shall be amended as follows (added text underlined):

E. Suspension and revocation of license. In addition to the fine or imprisonment, or both, authorized by this chapter, any licensee convicted of an offense under any provision of this chapter shall have his taxicab driver's license suspended for a period of no less than three months. Upon a second conviction within 12 months from the first conviction shall have his license suspended for a period of no less than 6 month, and for a third conviction within 12 months from the first conviction shall have his license revoked. shall be subject to the suspension or revocation of his license upon conviction for any violation of this chapter. The Village Justice Court may order a license granted under any provision of this chapter be suspended or revoked, pending or in advance of criminal prosecution of the licensee.

### **Section 4.** Superseding provision.

To the extent that any State or local laws fail to provide specific authority for this Local Law or the procedures necessary for its adoption, or otherwise appear to be in conflict with this Local Law or the procedures followed for its adoption, then such laws are hereby superseded by this Local Law pursuant to New York Municipal Home Rule Law and the common law.

### **Section 5.** Severability.

If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this Local Law shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall be confined in its operation to the clause, paragraph, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

### **Section 6.** Effective date.

This law shall take effect upon the filing of this Local Law with the New York Secretary of State.

# <u>ADOPTION OF LOCAL LAW #23 OF 2023 – "VILLAGE OF MONROE PLACE OF WORSHIP AND SCHOOLS":</u>

# VILLAGE OF MONROE

"VILLAGE OF MONROE PLACE OF WORSHIP AND SCHOOLS," AMENDING CHAPTER 200 OF THE VILLAGE CODE, "ZONING."

WHEREAS, an introductory Local Law, titled "VILLAGE OF MONROE PLACE OF WORSHIP AND SCHOOLS," was introduced before the Village of Monroe; and

WHEREAS, upon notice duly published and posted, a hearing was held on said Local Law on May 2, June 6, September 5 and September 14, whereat public discussion was heard concerning the merits of said Local Law and after hearing from all those present wishing to speak and acknowledging written comments that had been received, the Board of Trustees declared the public hearing closed on September 14, 2023; and

**WHEREAS**, the Local Law was duly referred to Orange County Planning Department pursuant to GML 239, which responded by letter dated May 23, 2023, identifying the Local Law as a "local determination"; and

**WHEREAS**, the Local Law was referred to the Village of Monroe Planning Board pursuant to § 200-77 and comments were received by letter dated September 5, 2023; and

**WHEREAS,** as the Board of Trustees, as Lead Agency under SEQRA, issued a Negative Declaration on September 14, 2023; determining that the Local Law is a Type I Action under SEQRA; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the adoption of the introductory Local Law, titled, "VILLAGE OF MONROE PLACE OF WORSHIP AND SCHOOLS," of the Village of Monroe is hereby adopted on December 5, 2023, as Local Law No. 23 of 2023 of the Village of Monroe.

This Local Law shall take effect upon filing with the Secretary of State.

On a motion by Trustee Behringer, seconded by Trustee Karl

Ayes: Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl and O'Connor

Nays: None

# VILLAGE OF MONROE VILLAGE OF MONROE PLACE OF WORSHIP AND SCHOOLS

BE IT ENACTED by the Village Board of the Village of Monroe, Orange County, New York, as follows:

### Section 1. Title.

This local law shall be known and may be cited as the Village of Monroe Place of Worship and Schools Local Law.

#### Section 2. Legislative Purpose.

The Village of Monroe Board of Trustees finds that the Village's residential neighborhoods, particularly its one-family neighborhoods are quiet enclaves where families are able to enjoy clean air, roads free of traffic congestion, relative privacy, dark night skies, and the safety that comes from stable tenured neighbors. These residential streets are generally safe due to their low traffic volumes and are usable not only for vehicular access, but also for pedestrians, cyclists, and occasionally for play by children. Much of these factors are dependent on segregating residential neighborhoods from non-residential uses that generate frequent traffic, on-street parking, noise, site lighting, and frequent visitation by non-resident persons.

In 2017, for purposes expressed in the Village's 2016 Comprehensive Plan most non-residential uses were removed from the Village's residential zoning districts – particularly the SR-20, SR-10 and UR-M zoning districts. This included the removal of schools from the UR-M district (schools were not permitted in the SR-10 or SR-20 districts at that time). Religious assembly was retained in all three districts as were several uses deemed to be necessary or relatively unobtrusive. In the SR-10 the only other authorized non-residential uses included agriculture, bed and breakfast, community recreation and park (non-commercial) and public utility structures. In the SR-20 those non-residential uses were authorized along with convalescent homes. In the UR-M, those SR-20 non-residential uses were authorized along with ambulance services and fire protection services.

Recently, the Village has seen an increased demand for regular large gatherings of people in residential areas, most commonly for worship but possibly for other purposes protected by the First Amendment. Historically, the Village's synagogues, churches and other places of worship were generally located in or on the periphery of commercial areas. The Village recognizes that satisfying the religious and other First Amendment needs of residents may result in an increase in the number of non-residential uses located in residential neighborhoods. If designed properly, these gatherings need not impose upon the quiet seclusion of residential neighborhoods.

The Village also recognizes that until such gathering places are constructed in neighborhoods, persons may rely on personal residences to satisfy the religious needs of small groups or congregations. The Village believes that this is customary and appropriate up to a limit. Residences constructed to residential building code occupancy standards (as opposed to assembly building code occupancy standards) are not appropriate for regular public assembly of groups of significant size. Such a practice may not only endanger the health and safety of the building occupants, but if not designed properly may impose upon the quiet seclusion of

residential neighborhoods.

Further, the Village recognizes that schools and houses of worship enjoy favorable zoning status as "inherently beneficial uses." Notwithstanding, the Village still retains significant permitting authority over these uses. The New York State Court of Appeals has held that "[t]he controlling consideration in reviewing the request of a school or church for permission to expand into a residential area must always be the over-all impact on the public's welfare." Cornell Univ. v. Bagnardi, 68 N.Y.2d 583, 510 N.Y.S.2d 861, 867 (1986). There is no question that communities need not "stand helpless in the face of proposed [religious or educational] uses that are dangerous to the surrounding area." Id.1 The Village wishes to insure, to the maximum extent allowed by law, that the development of any house of worship or school within its boundaries be consistent with the established residential character of existing neighborhoods, that property value and quality of life is maintained, municipal utilities and the road system are not overburdened and the environment is not deteriorated. In the Cornell case, the Court of Appeals recommended that communities adopt the "special permit" mechanism to impose "reasonable conditions directly related to the public's health, safety and welfare" on proposed religious or educational uses and otherwise "cushion any adverse effects [of such uses] by the imposition of conditions designed to mitigate them. 510 N.Y.S.2d at 567-68.2 The Court of Appeals has affirmed that this reflects the preference for municipalities to engage in a "case-by-case" review of proposed educational and religious uses. Pine Knolls Alliance Church v. Zoning Bd. of Appeals of Town of Moreau, 5 N.Y.3d 407, 804 N.Y.S.2d 708, 710 (2005).

The Village Board finds that in order to promote individual constitutional rights to freedom of assembly and free exercise of religion and to protect the health, safety, and general welfare of Village of Monroe residents, Chapter 200, Zoning, of the Code of the Village of Monroe should be amended to allow and regulate Residential Gathering Places, Neighborhood Places of Worship, Community Places of Worship, and Schools of General Instruction in certain zoning districts and in accordance with standards set forth herein. This finding is consistent with the Draft Comprehensive Plan recommendations now currently under consideration and likely to be adopted in advance of adoption of this local law.

The Village Board further finds that several of the protections necessary to accommodate residential public assembly, places of worship and schools within residential neighborhoods (including but not limited to buffers, lighting standards, operational limitations, and certain parking requirements) are also applicable to any other non-residential use, and thus requires such protections to be imposed generally. These measures and any additional measures specific to religious uses and schools proposed herein are found to be the minimum necessary to protect the health, safety and general welfare of Village residents.

# Section 3. Enabling Authority.

As the Court of Appeals held in the Cornell case:

[T]here are many instances in which a particular educational or religious use may actually detract from the public's health, safety, welfare or morals. In those instances, the institution may be properly denied. There is simply no conclusive presumption that any religious or educational use automatically outweighs its ill effects. The presumed beneficial effect may be rebutted with evidence of a significant impact on traffic congestion, property values, municipal services and the like.

Thus, educational and religious uses which would unarguably be contrary to the public's health, safety or welfare need not be permitted at all. A community that resides in close proximity to a college should not be obliged to stand helpless in the face of proposed uses that are dangerous to the surrounding area. Such uses, which are clearly not what the court had in mind when it stated that traffic and similar problems are outweighed by the benefits a church or school brings, are unquestionably within the municipality's police power to exclude altogether. "[E]ven religious [and educational] institutions [must] accommodate to factors directly relevant to public health, safety or welfare, inclusive of fire and similar emergency risks, and traffic conditions insofar as they involve public safety."

Id. (citations omitted).

<sup>2</sup> As the Court of Appeals held in <u>Cornell</u>:

[A] zoning ordinance may properly provide that the granting of a special permit to churches or schools may be conditioned on the effect the use would have on traffic congestion, property values, municipal services, the general plan for development of the community, etc. The requirement of a special permit application, which entails disclosure of site plans, parking facilities, and other features of the institution's proposed use, is beneficial in that it affords zoning boards an opportunity to weigh the proposed use in relation to neighboring land uses and to cushion any adverse effects by the imposition of conditions designed to mitigate them.

510 N.Y.S.2d at 867-68 (citations omitted).

The adoption of this Local Law is in accordance with Section 10 of the New York Municipal Home Rule Law.

### Section 4. Amendment of Definitions section of Zoning Local Law.

**Definitions.** Section 200-5, (Definitions) is hereby amended to add the following definitions, in alphabetical order within the section:

#### **GATHERING PLACE, RESIDENTIAL**

- A. The non-residential accessory use of a portion of an owner-occupied one-family detached dwelling, which portion is incidental and subordinate in both use and size to the dwelling, is located within the principal residence building, and is designated primarily for regular large gatherings meeting all of the following criteria:
  - (1) The gatherings occur more than 12 times per year; and
  - (2) These gatherings are comprised of 15 or more persons; and
  - (3) The occupancy of the gatherings shall be the lesser of: (i) 49 persons; or (ii) the number of persons determined by dividing the number of square feet of the portion of the residence so designated as a residential gathering place by 15 square feet per person. The requirement of no more than 49 occupants is the maximum permitted before the use category of "assembly" would be applicable under the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code, as may be amended from time to time. The standard of 15 square feet per person is set forth in Table 1004.5 of said New York State Building Code, which is applicable to unconcentrated assembly without fixed seats.
- B. The designated area for a gathering place shall have a maximum floor area of less than 50% of the floor area of the one-family detached dwelling and no greater than 750 square feet (15 multiplied by 50).
- C. Any use that exceeds any of the above criteria at any time shall not be considered a residential gathering place. The Building Inspector shall determine the appropriate use category based upon the requirements of this zoning chapter.

### PLACE OF WORSHIP, COMMUNITY

The principal nonresidential use of a building or structure(s) for regular organized religious assembly with 10,000 gross square feet of floor area, or greater.

### PLACE OF WORSHIP, NEIGHBORHOOD

The principal nonresidential use of a building or structure for regular organized religious assembly with a gross square footage of less than 10,000 square feet.

### SCHOOL OF GENERAL INSTRUCTION

Any public or nonpublic school that offers instruction at least five days per week and seven months per year, which include pre-K, kindergarten, elementary, junior high, or high schools subject to 8 NYCRR Part 100 regulations: or, other schools of religious or vocational training. Dormitories are not included as part of this definition.

## Section 5. Establishing requirements applicable to non-residential uses in certain zoning districts.

Section 200-34 (Supplementary regulations applying to all residence districts), is hereby amended to renumber item A (lot widths) to item C and add the following requirements:

- A. The following provisions shall apply to any nonresidential uses located in a residential zoning district and shall be in addition to any conditions specifically imposed on the use, or generally imposed by other provisions of this chapter. Where the following conditions conflict with any other standard of this code, the more restrictive provision shall govern. These regulations shall apply to the SR-20, SR-10, UR-W and UR-M zoning districts.
  - (1) Except as otherwise permitted in Article XII (Special Use Permit Procedures and Regulations) for a particular use, no parking or loading shall be permitted between a principal use and any street line on which the property fronts.
  - (2) Parking demand beyond that provided on-site has significant potential to impact residential neighborhoods by resulting in on-street parking that may impact the capacity of residential streets to support safe pedestrian and cyclist use. Where the Planning Board anticipates that the

actual parking demand will exceed that required by code regularly or occasionally based on special events or functions, the Planning Board shall require adequate on-site parking in excess of the code required number or require such other plans and interventions that are unobtrusive to the character of the residential neighborhood and avoid significant use of residential streets for parking accessory to the proposed use. Observance of regular on-street parking in the vicinity of an approved non-residential use shall be deemed rebuttable presumptive evidence of noncompliance with this requirement.

- (3) Parking area landscaping. Where a parking area is proposed containing 14 or more spaces, one shade tree designed to reach a mature height of at least 20 feet shall be planted for every fourteen (14) parking spaces.
- (4) Any use anticipated to generate more than 100 vehicle trip ends in any design hour based on ITE generation rates must have its principal site access on a State or County highway.
- (5) Lighting. Outdoor lighting shall be limited to that necessary for operational reasons and shall be so designed as to be compatible with surrounding residences. A lighting plan shall be provided demonstrating that the following standards are met:
  - (a) Light sources (bulbs, LED arrays) shall not be directly visible from a public right-of-way or neighboring residential lot.
  - (b) All outdoor lighting shall allow no emission of light above horizontal and limited to no more than 10% of lamp lumens at or above 80 degrees.
  - (c) LED lighting shall have a color of 3000 Kelvin or less.
  - (d) The maximum footcandles shall not exceed 0.2 footcandles measured along any property line adjoining a vacant or residential lot.
  - (e) No single fixture shall emit more than 3000 lumens.
- (6) The Planning Board shall require adequate screening in the required rear and side yards, to protect the character and compatibility of adjacent residences. Screening shall be a minimum of six feet in height and may consist of a wall, fence and/or plantings as approved by the Planning Board.
- (7) No non-residential use shall be conducted between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., subject to the following clarifications:
  - (a) In the case of residential gathering places, no regularly scheduled assembly shall be held between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. For the purpose of this provision, "regularly scheduled" shall mean occurring in greater frequency than three times per calendar year.
  - (b) In the case of beds and breakfast, there shall be quiet hours instituted between 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. when no guests may occupy outdoor areas, nor any commercial outdoor activity including but not limited to deliveries, cleaning and maintenance.
  - (c) These restrictions shall not apply to emergency situations, including emergency response by ambulance services or fire protection services, but shall apply to non-emergency operations or activities of ambulance or fire protection services.
- (5) The Planning Board may impose such additional restrictions and conditions on the location of parking spaces, outdoor lighting, landscaping and/or fencing to screen the non-residential use from adjacent residential properties, and other conditions as, in the judgment of the Board, are necessary for the nonresidential use to be able to operate in a manner that is consistent with public safety and neighborhood character.
- (6) There shall be no outdoor use or assembly, except that which is similar in scale and nature to outdoor use customary to a residential one-family dwelling, such as peaceful enjoyment or recreation by occupants, except as specifically authorized in Article XII (Special Use Permit Procedures and Regulations) for a particular use.
- (7) Except as otherwise permitted in Article XII (Special Use Permit Procedures and Regulations) for a particular use, there shall be no catered events or renting of facilities for parties or events.
- (8) Nonresidential uses shall be subject to Architectural Review Board in accordance with § 200-73 of this chapter. The appearance of all structures shall be in harmony with the surrounding area and be of a similar design aesthetic in conformity with the scale and character of the neighborhood within which it is to be located. This requirement shall apply to a residential gathering place where a modification to the house requiring a building permit or an addition is proposed in order to accommodate the residential gathering place.
- B. Special Use Permits in residential zoning districts. Approval of a special use permit located in the SR-10, SR-20, UR-W and UR-M zoning districts shall remain in effect for two years from the issuance of a certificate of occupancy or certificate of compliance and shall thereafter expire unless the following renewal procedure is followed:
  - (1) No more than 30 days prior to the expiration of the special permit, the permittee shall submit an application for a certificate of compliance from the Building Inspector, who shall inspect the special permit use within 14 days to ensure compliance with the conditions of the special permit.

If all of the conditions of the special permit have been met, the certificate of compliance shall be issued by the Building Inspector and the Building Inspector shall then extend the term of the special permit for five years. After the first renewal, subsequent renewals shall be required every five years under the same procedure as the initial renewal.

(2) In the event the Building Inspector denies the certificate of compliance, the applicant may submit an application for renewal of the special permit to the Planning Board pursuant to the procedures and standards of this article governing a new special permit within 60 days of the notice of denial. The original special permit shall expire at the time that the Planning Board renders its decision on the application for special permit renewal. In the event the Planning Board approves the application for special permit renewal, the renewed special permit will be considered as a new special permit and will be subject to an initial two-year term. In the event the application for special permit renewal is denied, the original special permit shall expire.

# Section 5. Establishing special use permit requirements applicable to residential gathering places, neighborhood places of worship, community places of worship and schools.

Add a new section to the Village of Monroe Zoning Chapter, Article XII, Special Use Permit Procedures and Regulations, as follows:

### § 200-60.1 Residential gathering places and places of worship.

- A. Residential gathering places.
  - (1) The building containing the residential gathering place shall comply with all applicable zoning chapter provisions of the Village of Monroe for a one-family detached dwelling including the FAR provisions, and with the requirements of all applicable fire and building codes of New York State and shall be considered to be a nonresidential accessory use to the residential principal use as a one-family detached dwelling.
  - (3) Only habitable spaces within structures in compliance with all applicable fire and building codes may be utilized for a residential gathering place. Gatherings may be held in a temporary structure or outside of the detached dwelling, but not more than three (3) times per year, and not for a duration that exceeds seven (7) days.
  - (4) The maximum occupancy of the residential gathering place shall be in accordance with the definition of "gathering place, residential," as set forth in § 200-5.
  - (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, only those accessory uses permitted as of right to a one-family detached dwelling shall be allowed at a dwelling with a residential gathering place. Where accessory uses are proposed that are not permitted as-of-right to a one-family detached dwelling, the dwelling shall not be allowed to be used for a residential gathering place.
  - (7) The required number of parking spaces for a residential gathering place shall be one parking space per 37.5 square feet of gross floor area of the proposed residential gathering place or for every 2.5 seats of capacity, whichever is greater, and in addition to the minimum number of parking spaces required for the one-family detached dwelling. Where the Planning Board finds that the full parking requirement is likely in excess of what is necessary to accommodate the anticipated participants of the residential gathering place, the Planning Board may allow up to 25% of the parking spaces be provided as "reserve parking" in an area that must be graded, sodded and maintained as lawn, but is not to be surfaced or otherwise developed for parking use until such time that that use is required as determined by reconsideration by the Planning Board of the minimum required off-street parking spaces. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, up to six parking spaces including any required residential parking spaces may be permitted to be located between the structure and a streetline on which the lot abuts, so long as such spaces do not encroach on any required front or required side yard.
  - (8) Except as set forth in subsection A(2) above, the residential gathering place shall be conducted entirely within the one-family detached dwelling principal structure, which use shall be incidental and accessory to the use of the residence for dwelling purposes, and which shall not change the architectural character thereof, and which shall be consistent with the residential zoning district within which the use is proposed to be located. The appearance of all principal and accessory structures shall be in harmony with the surrounding area and be of a similar design aesthetic in conformity with the scale and character of the neighborhood within which it is to be located.
  - (9) Residential gathering places must be owner-occupied at all times. No space within the residential gathering place may be rented out to or utilized for meetings or functions not directly convened or hosted by the residents of the principal one-family detached dwelling.
  - (10) One sign is permitted which shall comply with § 200-40 and meet the standards for a home occupation sign as set forth in § 200-43B.

- (11) Any kitchen facilities shall be in scale or type as is customarily incidental to a one-family detached dwelling. No catering facilities are permitted.
- (12) A narrative summary shall be submitted to the Planning Board, providing the maximum anticipated number of persons to be assembled, square footage of the assembly space for gatherings, days and hours of assembly, and number of parking spaces provided.
- (13) Bulk provision waiver. The Planning Board shall have the authority, consistent with the purposes of this chapter and upon finding that the waiver shall not result in danger to the health, safety and general welfare of the community, neighborhood or area residents, to waive any bulk provision for residential gathering places herein up to three percent (3%), for good cause shown. Any variation of bulk provisions greater than three percent (3%) shall be referred to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

### § 200-60.2 Neighborhood places of worship.

- (1) A building containing a neighborhood place of worship shall comply with all applicable provisions of the zoning code of the Village of Monroe and all applicable fire and building codes of New York State.
- (2) A neighborhood place of worship may or may not include a one-family detached residential dwelling unit, but occupancy of the unit shall be limited to clergy and/or their families and for no other purpose and shall not exceed the size of what would be permitted by the FAR for the site, exclusive of the minimum lot area required for the community place of worship. The one-family detached dwelling shall also comply with the bulk regulations for the zoning district in which it is located.
- (3) For neighborhood places of worship, the principal use shall be the holding of regularly scheduled religious services. Accessory facilities and functions, such as classrooms, social halls, administrative offices, bath and shower facilities, gymnasiums and indoor recreation facilities, may be provided, however, such facilities and functions individually shall not exceed 20% of the building's gross floor area, and in aggregate shall not exceed 50% of the building's gross floor area. A social hall for use by congregants following services, located in a basement, may exceed the accessory facilities limitation above in the event that it is not used concurrently with the primary worship space, but in no event shall it exceed the area of the primary worship space. No building permit or certificate of occupancy shall be granted to such accessory use, building or structure until the building permit and certificate of occupancy for the principal use or building, respectively, have been granted. A school of general instruction established at the site of a neighborhood place of worship shall not be considered as accessory to the neighborhood place of worship, but rather as an additional principal use. Where a school of general instruction and a neighborhood place of worship are located on the same lot, the cumulative minimum lot area of each principal use shall be satisfied.
- (4) For the purpose of calculating the parking requirement pursuant to Article XI, the number of attendees shall be the larger of the total floor area of the largest continuous assembly area (including mezzanine areas, aisles, altars, and ritual areas) divided by 15, or the total interior floor area of the structure divided by 50. Where the Planning Board finds that the full parking requirement is likely in excess of what is necessary to accommodate the anticipated participants of the residential gathering place, the Planning Board may allow up to 25% of the parking spaces be provided as "reserve parking" in an area that must be graded, sodded and maintained as lawn, but is not to be surfaced or otherwise developed for parking use until such time that that use is required as determined by reconsideration by the Planning Board of the minimum required off-street parking spaces.
- (5) A drop-off or porte cochere may be permitted between the front of the structure and any street line on which the lot fronts, provided it is not located within the required front yard.
- (6) To maintain the character of the use as a neighborhood place of worship, attendance at any services, wedding receptions or other social or religious functions for congregants held at the neighborhood place of worship shall be limited in occupancy to the available on-site parking.
- (7) Signs. Signs shall be permitted for neighborhood places of worship in accordance with Article X, Signs.
- (8) Where proposed in an SR-20, SR-10, UR-W or UR-M zoning district, no cooking facilities will be permitted, other than warming kitchen equipment for use by the clergy and/or congregants of the neighborhood place of worship and any kitchen equipment for exclusive use of residents of a residential dwelling unit, if present on the property. No kitchen equipment designed for large scale food preparation shall be permitted.
- (9) A narrative summary shall be submitted, providing the anticipated number of congregants, square footage of the sanctuary and other dedicated spaces, days and hours of services, and

- number of parking spaces provided.
- (10) Bulk provision waiver. The Planning Board shall have the authority, consistent with the purposes of this chapter and upon finding that the waiver shall not result in danger to the health, safety and general welfare of the community, neighborhood or area residents, to grant a one-time waiver of any bulk provision for neighborhood places of worship herein up to three percent (3%), for good cause shown. Variances greater than three percent (3%) shall be referred to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

### §200-60.3 Community places of worship.

- (1) A building containing a community place of worship shall comply with all applicable provisions of the zoning code of the Village of Monroe and all applicable fire and building codes of New York
- (2) A drop-off or porte cochere may be permitted between the principal structure and any designated street line on which the lot fronts, provided it is not located within the required front yard.
- (3) A community place of worship may or may not include a one-family detached residential dwelling unit, but occupancy of the unit shall be limited to clergy and/or their families and for no other purpose and shall not exceed the size of what would be permitted by the FAR for the site, exclusive of the minimum lot area required for the community place of worship. The one-family detached dwelling shall also comply with the bulk regulations for the zoning district in which it is located.
- (4) For community places of worship, the principal use shall be the holding of regularly scheduled religious services. Accessory facilities and functions such as religious schools, social halls, administrative offices and indoor recreation facilities may be provided, so long as such facilities and functions shall be subordinate in aggregate to the size and function of the community place of worship. No building permit or certificate of occupancy shall be granted to such accessory use, building or structure until the building permit and certificate of occupancy for the principal use or building, respectively, have been granted. A school of general instruction, as defined in § 200-5, Definitions, established at the site of a community place of worship shall not be considered as accessory to the community place of worship, but rather as an additional principal use. Where a school of general instruction and a community place of worship are located on the same lot, the cumulative minimum lot area of each principal use shall be satisfied.
- (5) For the purpose of calculating the parking requirement pursuant to Article XI, the number of attendees shall be the larger of the total floor area of the largest continuous assembly area (including mezzanine areas, aisles, altars, and ritual areas) divided by 15, or the total interior floor area of the structure divided by 50. Where the Planning Board finds that the full parking requirement is likely in excess of what is necessary to accommodate the anticipated participants of the residential gathering place, the Planning Board may allow up to 25% of the parking spaces be provided as "reserve parking" in an area that must be graded, sodded and maintained as lawn, but is not to be surfaced or otherwise developed for parking use until such time that that use is required as determined by reconsideration by the Planning Board of the minimum required off-street parking spaces.
- (6) Attendance at any services, wedding receptions or other social or religious functions held at the community place of worship shall be limited to the capacity of the community place of worship as determined by the applicable building codes of New York State, as well as the available on-site parking. If the community place of worship intends to hold large scale events, the parking demand for same shall be determined at the time of site plan review. The applicant may use designated off-site parking areas, provided a fully executed written agreement between the applicant and one or more providers of a location for off-site parking is submitted, and remains in effect for the life of the use. Such events demanding parking in excess of the available on-site shall require a parking management plan (PMP) to be submitted for approval by the Planning Board as part of the application establishing a community place of worship, pursuant to the requirements set forth below. The PMP shall be used to address parking demand during the maximum projected attendance at the maximum building capacity, for holy days or other large, planned events for the particular place of worship making the application. Such PMP shall be provided to the Monroe Police Department, the applicable Fire Department and the office of the Monroe Village Clerk. If a PMP is required as part of the special permit process, the applicant shall address the following:
  - (a) Designated off-site parking areas. The applicant shall submit a fully executed written agreement between the applicant and one or more providers of a location for off-site parking;

- (b) The applicant shall indicate implementation of group travel to and from the off-site parking locations by the use of shuttle vehicles;
- (c) The applicant shall use traffic control measures such as the hiring of an off-duty police officer and/or volunteers to facilitate pedestrian flow, as well as on-site and off-site traffic;
- (d) The applicant shall provide a notification process to notify patrons of the community place of worship and others regarding the locations of off-site parking areas to be used;
- (e) The applicant shall indicate a method of pre-event registration to obtain a ticket before the holiday or event to use the on- or off-site parking facilities; and
- (f) In the event that off-site parking areas are not available to accommodate the full capacity of the community place of worship, methods to limit the number of event attendees to the number of attendees that can be accommodated in the on-site parking area or at any available off-site locations by utilization of a pre-event registration system and distribution of tickets to registered persons that will be submitted upon arrival at the site on the day of the event.
- (g) Existing community places of worship in existence prior to the adoption of this section shall submit a PMP for large events to the Planning Board within one year of adoption.
- (7) Signs. Signs shall be permitted for community places of worship in accordance with Article X.
- (8) Kitchen equipment designed for large-scale food preparation shall be permitted, in compliance with all plumbing, electrical, fire, health and safety codes. Such equipment shall be utilized only for the preparation of foods to be served on site and not for off-site catering.
- (9) A narrative summary shall be submitted, providing the anticipated number of congregants, square footage of the sanctuary and other dedicated spaces, days and hours of services, and number of parking spaces provided.
- (10) Bulk provision waiver. The Planning Board shall have the authority, consistent with the purposes of this chapter and upon finding that the waiver shall not result in danger to the health, safety and general welfare of the community, neighborhood or area residents, to grant a one-time waiver of any bulk provision for community places of worship herein up to three percent (3%), for good cause shown. Variances greater than three percent (3%) shall be referred to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

### § 200-58.4 School of general instruction.

- A. School of general instruction.
  - (1) Minimum lot area for schools of general instruction.
    - (a) Minimum lot area based on maximum enrollment. Based upon maximum enrollment capacity, the required minimum lot area shall be 120,000 square feet for schools with 100 students or less, with an additional required minimum lot area of 50,000 square feet added for each additional increment of 50 students, or part thereof. For the purposes of this section, "maximum enrollment capacity" shall be defined as the number of students that a special permit applicant discloses as the maximum that can be accommodated within all proposed school structures and that will serve as the maximum number that may be enrolled at any time for the term of that special permit including any renewals thereof.
  - (2) Design requirements.
    - (a) Architectural review. All applications for schools of general instruction shall be subject to Architectural Review Board review in accordance with § 200-73 of this chapter. The appearance of all principal and accessory structures shall be in harmony with the surrounding area and be of a similar design aesthetic in conformity with the scale and character of the neighborhood within which it is to be located.
    - (b) Usable open space. The school of general or special instruction shall include at least one outdoor area of distinctive design with a minimum area of 10% of the minimum lot size as calculated in Subsection A(1) above, which purpose is for recreational use by students, to create an area for gathering and/or recreation for use by the students, staff, and faculty of such institution. The usable open space shall be linked to an on-site pedestrian walkway network. Usable open space shall not be located within any required yard.
    - (c) Lighting. Outdoor lighting shall be limited to that necessary for operational reasons and shall

be so designed as to be compatible with surrounding land uses, and in compliance with the site development plan specifications in Article XV of this zoning chapter. The applicant shall provide a lighting plan showing that exterior lighting will be directed away from adjoining properties, streets, highways and roads.

- (d) Utilities. All utilities shall be installed underground or within buildings.
- (e) Landscaping. Applicant shall prepare and receive approval for a landscaping plan addressing the following subjects:
  - [1] All portions of the project site not developed with impervious surfaces shall be attractively landscaped or left in a natural condition.
  - [2] Landscape buffer area. Except where the Planning Board finds that existing vegetation to remain along the property boundary provides adequate visual screening, a minimum twenty-foot-wide landscaped buffer area shall be provided along all property lines, except at any access points. The required landscaped buffer area shall be densely planted with a mixture of shrubs, trees not less than six feet high and/or berms, which will create an opaque screen on a continuing basis through all seasons. The required landscaped buffer area may be incorporated into the required yards or setbacks. The Planning Board also may require that a fence be added as necessary to achieve the screening requirement, and such a fence shall be in addition to and not relieve the need for the required landscaped buffer area plantings.
  - [3] Along property lines which are crossed by access drives, the Planning Board may allow low shrub plantings no greater than three feet high and trees with a branching habit which begins at least eight feet above ground level to ensure adequate sight distance is maintained at the driveway entry/exit.
  - [4] Planting shall not interfere with the normal sight distance needed for safe entering and exiting maneuvers by motor vehicles.
- (f) Parking and internal roadways.
  - [1] One (1) parking space per 300 square feet of gross floor area or 12 student seats, whichever requirement is greater, plus one (1) parking space per 2 enrolled students over the age of 16, shall be provided.
  - [2] All on-site drives and parking areas shall be constructed according to Article XI of this chapter.
  - [3] Parking garages are not permitted.
  - [4] Parking lot landscaping. One shade tree designed to reach a mature height of at least 20 feet shall be planted for every 14 parking spaces.
- (g) Other traffic and transportation requirements.
  - [1] Regulation of faculty and staff arrival and departure times in both a.m. and p.m. hours shall be established for schools of general instruction as necessary to mitigate vehicle trips in the a.m. and p.m. peak hour. The Planning Board may require the applicant to coordinate timing of such arrival and departure times with schools in the vicinity to the extent practicable in order to avoid conflicts.
  - [2] For schools of general instruction, the applicant shall submit documentation necessary to evaluate the need for each of the following:
    - [a] Traffic control signals;
    - [b] Crosswalks;
    - [c] Speed humps; and
    - [d] Other changes in roads and traffic signals related to changes in traffic activity.
  - [3] The entrance points for pedestrian/bicycle paths shall be signed indicating the need for bicyclists to share the path and properly yield to pedestrians that are present.
  - [4] A traffic circulation and parking plan shall be provided prior to the issuance of a special permit and shall be based upon the maximum student capacity and traffic characteristics of the school, containing the following information:
    - [a] Bus circulation and traffic patterns expected to be generated by the school of general instruction;
    - [b] All queuing areas, and anticipated queue lengths, demonstrating that bus and vehicle circulation shall not cause cars or buses to queue on public or private roads at peak hours;
    - [c] Maximum student enrollment capacity and attendance policies;
    - [d] Numbers of full-time and part-time faculty and staff, with attendance policies and parking locations and requirements;
    - [e] If applicable, requirements for parental compliance with busing and driving policies;
    - [f] List of exceptions to bus ridership and number of students receiving exemption for each year;

- [g] If applicable, number and size of buses transporting students by grade;
- [h] Number of students riding buses by grade; and
- [i] Number of student drivers authorized and any limitations thereto, with parking locations and requirements.
- (h) Water. Each applicant shall demonstrate that there is sufficient water capacity for the project and shall supply a potable water delivery system capable of meeting both the domestic water and emergency firefighting needs of the facility.
- (i) Signs. Signs shall be permitted for schools of general instruction in accordance with Article X of this chapter.
- (j) Other conditions and safeguards. The Planning Board shall attach such other conditions and safeguards to the special permit as are necessary for the protection of the health, safety and welfare of the community, and to assure continual conformance with the intent of this chapter.
- [5] Construction of all internal roadway improvements shall be completed prior to the issuance of any certificate of occupancy.
- (3) Bulk provision waiver. The Planning Board shall have the authority, consistent with the purposes of this chapter and upon finding that the waiver shall not result in danger to the health, safety and general welfare of the community, neighborhood or area residents, to grant a one-time waiver of any bulk provision for schools of general or special instruction herein up to three percent (3%), for good cause shown. Variances greater than three percent (3%) shall be referred to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

# <u>Section 6. Amending the Table of District Uses and Bulk Regulations.</u>

Delete the following use from the Tables of District Uses and Bulk Regulations applicable to the CB, GB, SR-10, SR-20, and UR-M zoning districts: "Religious assembly".

Amend and edit the Table of District Uses and Bulk Regulations to add the following uses to the applicable zoning districts, in alphabetical order, as follows:

1. Attachment 3 – Table of District Uses and Bulk Regulations, CB District

				Maximum							
U s e	Туре	Use-Specific Regulations	Lot Area per Dwelling unit (square feet)	Lot Area (square feet)	Lot Width (feet)	Front Setback (feet)	Rear Setback (feet)	One Side Setback (feet)	Total Side Setbacks (feet)	Lot Coverag e	Building Height (feet/ stories)
Place of Worship, Neighborhood	Special permit	§200-60.1		No minimums specified		20	No minimums specified		80 %	35 /3	
Place of Worship, Community	Special permit	§200-60.2		60,000	100	2 0	20	15	3 0	80 %	35 /3
Neighborhood Place of Worship,	permit Special					2		speci	ified 3	% 80	

2. Attachment 2 – Table of District Uses and Bulk Regulations, GB

GB DISTRICT				Maximum							
U s e	Туре	Use-Specific Regulations	Lot Area per Dwelling unit (square feet)	Lot Area (square feet)	Lot Width (feet)	Front Setback (feet)	Rear Setback (feet)	One Side Setback (feet)	Total Side Setbacks (feet)	Lot Coverag e	Building Height (feet/ stories)
Place of Worship, Neighborhood	Special permit	§200-60.1	·	20,000	50	3 0	20	15	3 0	60 %	35 /2
Place of Worship, Community	Special permit	§200-60.2		60,000	50	3	40	20	4	60 %	35 /2

# 3. Attachment 3 – Table of District Uses and Bulk Regulations, SR-10 District

SR-10 DISTRICT					Maximum				
Use	Туре	Use-Specific Regulations	Lot Area (square feet)	Lot Width (feet)	Front Setback (feet)	Rear Setback (feet)	Minimum Side Yard Setback (feet)	Lot Coverage	Building Height (feet/ stories)
Gathering Place, Residential	Special permit	§200-60.1	10,000,	100	3	35	15	25%	30/2
Place of Worship, Neighborhood	Special permit	§200-60.2	20,000	100	3 0	35	20	25%	30/2
Place of Worship, Community	Special permit	§200-60.3	60,000	150	3 0	40	25	25%	30/2
School of General Instruction	Special permit	§200-60.4	120,000, plus additional as per §200-58.2	200	3 0	50	40	25%	30/2

# 4. Attachment 4 – Table of District Uses and Bulk Regulations, SR-20 District

SR-20 DISTRICT					Maximum				
Use	Туре	Use-Specific Regulations	Lot Area (square feet)	Lot Width (feet)	Front Setback (feet)	Rear Setback (feet)	Minimum Side Yard Setback (feet)	Lot Coverage	Building Height (feet/ stories)
Gathering Place, Residential	Special permit	§200-60.1	20,000,	100	4 0	50	20	25%	30/2
Place of Worship, Neighborhood	Special permit	§200-60.2	20,000	100	4 0	50	20	25%	30/2
Place of Worship, Community	Special permit	§200-60.3	60,000	150	4 0	50	25	25%	30/2
School of General Instruction	Special permit	§200-60.4	120,000, plus additional as per §200-60.4	200	8	50	40	25%	30/2

UR-M DISTRICT						Minim	ım		Maximum		
Use	Туре	Use-Specific Regulations	Lot Area (square feet)	Lot Widt h (feet)	Front Setbac k (feet)	Rear Setbac k (feet)	One Side Setback (feet)	Total Side Setbacks (feet)	Lot Coverage	Building Height (feet/ stories)	
Gathering Place, Residential	Special permit	§200-60.1	10,000,	100	3 0	35	15	30	25%	30/2	
Place of Worship, Neighborhood	Special permit	§200-60.2	20,000	100	3 0	35	20	40	25%	30/2	
Place of Worship, Community	Special permit	§200-60.3	60,000	150	3 0	40	25	50	25%	30/2	
School of General Instruction	Special permit	§200-58.2	120,000, plus addition al as per §200- 58.2	200	8	50	40	80	25%	30/2	

### Section 7. Amending §200-44 (Parking and Loading; General Provisions

### Paragraph D which currently reads as follows:

D. Off-site parking. If the Planning Board determines that providing some or all required parking on the site is impractical, the Planning Board may permit off-street parking within 500 feet of the use and located on a lot either in the same ownership or leased for a period consistent with the nature of the use. The Board shall require the owner to file a recordable document with the Village requiring the owner to maintain the required number of off-street spaces during the existence of said principal use.

### Is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

D. Off-site parking. If the Planning Board determines that providing some or all required parking on the site is impractical, the Planning Board may permit off-street parking within 500 feet of the use and located on a lot either in the same ownership or leased for a period consistent with the nature of the use. The Board shall require the owner to file a recordable document with the Village requiring the owner to maintain the required number of off-street spaces during the existence of said principal use. Such parking shall not be located in an SR-10, SR-20, UR-W or UR-M zoning district.

### <u>Section 8. Repeal, Amendment, and Supersession of Other Laws.</u>

All other Resolutions, Ordinances or Local Laws of the Village of Monroe which conflict with the provisions of this Local Law are hereby superseded or repealed to the extent necessary to give this Local Law force and effect.

### Section 9. Severability.

If any section, part or provision of this local law or the application thereof to any person, property or circumstance is adjudged invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall be confined in its operation to the section, part, provision or application directly and expressly adjudged invalid and shall not affect or impair the validity of the remainder of this local law or the application thereof.

### Section 10. Effective Date.

This Local Law shall take effect immediately upon filing in the office of the New York State Secretary of State in accordance with Section 27 of the New York Municipal Home Rule Law.

# **WATER PLANT VALVE REPLACEMENT:**

RESOLVED, the Board of Trustees accepts the quote from TAM Enterprises Inc, 114 Hartley Road, Goshen, NY 10924, for the supply and installation of (1) new 6" Crispin flanged butterfly valve with new

hardware. The total cost of the emergency repair is \$8,155.00 to be split, \$3,120.00 to be allocated from budget line F.8330.2500, Purification Equipment, \$5,035.00 from F.8330.4530, Purification Equipment Maintenance.

On a motion by Trustee Karl, seconded by Trustee O'Connor

Ayes: Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl and O'Connor

**Nays: None** 

### **MAYOR & TRUSTEE'S REPORT:**

Trustee Behringer spoke about the Winterfest this weekend from 3pm to 6pm on Saturday, December 9<sup>th</sup>. The Monroe-Woodbury Voice Ensemble was invited to sing at Radio City Music Hall before the Rockettes performance. How exciting! Also, the Monroe -Woodbury Cross Country Team came in 20<sup>th</sup> at the National Championship in Oregon. They have some fast runners!

Mayor Dwyer said the Candy Gelt Drop is on Sunday, December 10<sup>th</sup> at the Chabad on Gilbert Street. The festivities start at 4pm.

Trustee Karl asked if new chairs for the dais in the Boardroom have been ordered, as they are not in great shape. He also asked if there has been any information on the 1 Stage Road parking area. Attorney Terhune said she received a copy of the easement and nothing else. Trustee Karl wanted to know if we have received any updates on the Village of Kiryas Joel Salt Shed located within the aquifer of Well #4 in Smith's Clove Park. The Clerk will contact the Town of Monroe to see if there are any updates. Trustee Karl would also like to get the streetlight LED upgrade moving.

### **ATTORNEY'S REPORT:**

Nothing to report.

PUBLIC COMMENT: # PRESENT 11 TIME: 7:25PM

Avrohom Flohr commented on the nice decorations throughout the Village. He was thankful that the Menorah was lit and once Channukah starts on December 7<sup>th</sup>, he says only one light should be lit per night. Mr. Flohr questioned why was the Place of Worship and Schools local law pushed through while there is still opposition. The Planning Board process is lengthy and his religion doesn't have the time to wait for approvals with Shabbos and holidays where no driving is permitted. He wished everyone good luck and a happy holiday.

Lipa Deutsch commented that the local law, Place of Worship and Schools, is against the Jewish community. There was a letter from the county that suggested the Village sit down with the Jewish community to discuss this local law. The Attorney General sent a letter and you still chose to adopt the law. He felt it wasn't right that the Village Board never sat down with Jewish community members to discuss the local law so that the law worked for all.

Attorney Terhune thanked the gentlemen for their comments. The local law, Place of Worship and Schools was not pushed through. This law applies to all places of worship. The Village Board spent a considerable amount of time reviewing this law and its Comprehensive Plan that protects all religions.

# **EXECUTIVE SESSION:**

On a motion by Trustee Behringer, seconded by Trustee O'Connor, and carried, following a 5-minute recess, the Board convened in Executive Session at 7:35PM for Attorney Client / Litigation.

### **OPEN SESSION:**

On a motion by Trustee Ferraro, seconded by Trustee O'Connor, and carried, the Open Meeting resumed at 9:25PM.

## FULL TIME COURT CLERK SALARY – N. MANFREDONIA:

RESOLVED, the Board of Trustees approves for Judge Strauss to offer Nicole Manfredonia the position of full time Court Clerk with a salary of \$45,000.00.

On a motion by Trustee Ferraro, seconded by Trustee O'Connor

Ayes: Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl and O'Connor

**Nays: None** 

# <u>SALARY INCREASE AND STIPEND – A. FELIZ, TREASURER:</u>

RESOLVED, the Board of Trustees approves a salary increase of \$2,500.00 and a one-time stipend in the amount of \$2,000.00 for Anthony Feliz, Treasurer.

On a motion by Trustee Ferraro, seconded by Trustee O'Connor

Ayes: Trustees Behringer, Ferraro, Karl and O'Connor

**Nays: None** 

# **ADJOURNMENT:**

On a motion by Trustee Ferraro, seconded by Trustee O'Connor and carried, no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 10:30PM.

Respectfully Submitted,

Kimberly Zahra Village Clerk