APPLICATION CHECKLIST AND PROCEDURES

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS: It is the responsibility of the applicant to understand the process of applying to the Zoning Board of Appeals. The Zoning Board of Appeals is governed by standards in deciding whether an appeal should be granted. These standards have been set forth in law and by the courts of the State. The applicant should review the attached “Guidelines for Applicants to the Zoning Board of Appeals” and familiarize themselves with the standards and criteria that are applicable to the appeal and present evidence to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

Please furnish the following to the Board:

1. One original and seven (7) copies of the following for a total of eight (8) copies and one digital file.
   a. Completed Application Form;
   b. Affidavit Pursuant to Section 809 of the General Municipal Law;
   c. A copy of the letter, opinion, decision, requirement or ruling being appealed;
   d. Plot plan or survey showing the size of the subject property, the location of all existing and proposed structures on the property, the distance of the existing and proposed structures to the lot lines;
   e. Building elevations;
   f. Narrative summary explaining your application and the facts and circumstances supporting relief requested;
   g. Any other information or details that will help the Board judge your case (i.e. photos, maps, statements from neighboring property owners, etc.);
   h. Long or Short Environmental Assessment Form.

2. Filing fee payable to the Village of Monroe as follows:
   Appearance Fee: $50.00
   Area Variance: $150.00 – For accessory structures under 250 square feet to single family dwellings and above-ground swimming pools
   $425.00 – All Others
   Use Variance: $500.00
   Interpretation: $350.00

All others: In accordance with the Village’s Fee Schedule
3. The above information and fees must be submitted at least thirty-five (35) days prior to the scheduled meeting of the Zoning Board of Appeals. Upon receipt of the above, a public hearing will be scheduled.

4. It is the applicant’s responsibility to mail notice of the public hearing by regular first-class mail with a certificate of mailing, to all property owners within 300 feet of the subject property at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing. The applicant can pick up the 300 footer report from the Village Hall. The certificates of mailing of the notice shall be submitted to the Clerk of the Zoning Board of Appeals at least five (5) days in advance of the hearing.

5. Requests for adjournments of any scheduled public hearing shall be governed by the following:

   a) After the initial public hearing is scheduled, an applicant is required to pay an appearance fee each time the application is scheduled on an agenda for a continuation of the public hearing as a result of a request for an adjournment by the applicant.

   b) Any additional information being submitted by the applicant must be submitted within ten (10) days of the next scheduled meeting or the applicant will not be permitted to proceed with the continuation of the public hearing at that meeting.

   c) If an applicant is not ready to proceed with the continuation of the public hearing on the adjourned date, a request for an adjournment must be made in person on the date of the scheduled meeting. If the applicant cannot appear on the scheduled date, a detailed letter requesting the adjournment and setting forth the explanation for the adjournment shall be submitted to the Board for its consideration.

   d) Any public hearing which is adjourned more than one month shall be re-noticed by the applicant by mailing a notice of the continuation of the public hearing in the same manner as the mailing required for the scheduling of a hearing.

I have read the above checklist and procedures and am familiar with same.

___________________________
Signature
Guidelines for Applicants
To the Zoning Board of Appeals

This publication has been written to aid potential applicants in understanding and appreciating the appeals process, and to provide an explanation of the rules and standards under which appeals and variance decisions must be made. Applicants and their representatives should be guided in advance by the standards in deciding whether an appeal would be appropriate. These standards have been set forth in law and by the courts of the State, and cannot be modified by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

Why might you consider an appeal to the Zoning Board of Appeals?

A person may want to appeal to the Zoning Board of Appeals (ZBA) for two basic reasons. First, he or she may disagree with a decision the enforcement officer has made or an action he or she has taken. Second, the appealing party may believe that an exception (variance) to the zoning laws should be made for his or her property.

How is the appeals process initiated?

Either the applicant or the applicant’s representative must file a Notice of Appeal with the ZBA within 60 days after the enforcement officer has filed his or her decision or action. The enforcement officer’s decision is filed in his or her office, unless the municipal governing board has authorized it to be filed instead in the municipal clerk’s office. A copy of the Notice of Appeal must also be filed with the enforcement officer.

Under what circumstances may an appeal be made to the Zoning Board of Appeals?

Except in certain instances, an applicant must be "aggrieved" by an actual decision or action taken by the enforcement officer. The exceptions occur where an applicant has already submitted an application for subdivision, site plan, or special use permit approval which requires an area variance in connection with that approval. In those instances, no decision of the enforcement officer is necessary. The applicant may simply file a Notice of Appeal directly with the ZBA.

Who may apply to the ZBA for relief?

Anyone who could be "aggrieved" by the decision or action of the enforcement officer, has standing to take an appeal before the ZBA. A person is “aggrieved” if his or her property value is affected negatively by the enforcement officer’s action. Commonly, a property owner who either has been refused a permit or has been served with an enforcement action, is the "aggrieved party." Also note, as stated above, that a landowner who has submitted an application for subdivision, site plan, or special use permit approval, may apply to the ZBA for an area variance without a decision of the enforcement officer. A neighboring landowner may also be an "aggrieved party", if he or she believes the enforcement officer's decision in issuing a permit was improper, and will negatively affect their property
value. In addition, any officer, board or commission of the municipality may appeal a decision of the enforcement officer, whether or not that officer, board or commission is aggrieved.

What decisions or actions are appealable?

Any decision or action issued in writing by the enforcement officer, which affects anyone's rights, is appealable. These decisions include: the grant or denial of a permit, the issuance of an appearance ticket or summons, or any order which mandates certain action, such as a cease-and-desist or stop-work order.

I'm a resident who lives near the proposed project. What happens if I find out about the project more than 60 days after the permit is filed?

If you are a "third party", such as a nearby resident, you may still bring an appeal more than 60 days after the permit is filed, if you file within 60 days after you've had a reasonable opportunity to find out about the planned project. For example, you would have 60 days from the time a sign is posted on the property announcing the future construction of a new business (whether or not you actually see the sign), if the sign is posted after the permit has been issued.

What types of relief can the ZBA grant?

The ZBA can grant (or deny) two types of relief: interpretive and variance. In either case, the ZBA will either affirm, reverse, or modify the enforcement officer's decision. In so doing, it will either grant or deny the requested relief. If the appeal is for an interpretation, the ZBA's decision will be based on the municipal zoning regulations. On the other hand, if the appeal is for a variance, the ZBA's decision will be based on the standards of proof contained in the following state statutes: §267-b of the New York State Town Law, §7-712-b of the Village Law, or §81-b of the General City Law.

Because of the range of powers the ZBA has, it is essential that the applicant (or the applicant’s representative) know what type of relief to request when making application to the ZBA. If the applicant believes the enforcement officer's decision is incorrect, the appropriate request is for an interpretation reversing the officer's decision. If the applicant (in this case, the landowner) believes that the officer's decision may be correct, but that he or she can show proof under the statutes that a variance is warranted, then the appropriate request is for a decision granting a variance. It is also possible for an applicant to make a request for an interpretation, and, in the same application, ask for a variance if a favorable interpretation is not granted.

After a Notice of Appeal has been filed, what must happen?

After a Notice of Appeal has been filed, the ZBA will take up the matter at a future meeting. The ZBA is required to schedule a hearing on the applicant's appeal within a reasonable time, and give notice of the hearing to the applicant. If a variance is requested, the ZBA may be required to take some preliminary steps before it may hear the case.
First, the ZBA may have to make a determination of significance under the State's Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA). Based on this determination, an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) may or may not be required. If an EIS is required, the case cannot be heard until the EIS has been completed and accepted by the ZBA. Environmental review is not necessary for interpretations of the zoning regulations or for area variances relating to setbacks and lot lines, or for area variances relating to one-, two-, or three-family residences.

Second, depending on the location of the property, the ZBA may be required by State law to refer requests for variances to the county planning agency for a preliminary recommendation. If such a referral is required, the ZBA must give the county 30 days to respond. It is also possible that the county's recommendation could result in an increase in the number of votes needed for the ZBA to approve the variance. Appeals for interpretations need not be referred to the county.

What is the responsibility of the applicant at the hearing?

At the hearing, the applicant may submit written evidence and/or argument to support his or her case. Obviously, the sooner that written testimony or material is received, the more time ZBA members will have to consider the case and reach a proper decision. Therefore, it is a good idea to submit written material with the application, or as soon thereafter as possible, so that it can be sent to ZBA members prior to the hearing. (Please note that the applicant can present written evidence at any time up to the close of the hearing, or even after the hearing if the ZBA allows the record to remain open.)

At the hearing, the ZBA will offer the applicant and/or the applicant’s representative the opportunity to present a case for relief. The applicant may personally testify, call witnesses, or submit written evidence, including drawings and graphics. Because an appeal is an adversarial proceeding, the ZBA will offer the municipality an equal opportunity to present its side of the case (the side which supports the enforcement officer's decision). Each side will be given an opportunity to question the other, or the other's witnesses. In addition, ZBA members may ask questions.

After the applicant and the municipality have presented their cases, any other interested persons will be given the opportunity to speak and/or submit written material. If necessary, the hearing may be adjourned and continued at a later date. When all parties and interested persons have been granted the opportunity to be heard, the hearing will be closed.

Will the ZBA make a decision the night of the hearing?

Once the hearing is closed, the ZBA may begin discussing the case and reach a decision, or may postpone discussion and/or its decision until a later meeting. If the ZBA deems it necessary, the hearing may be reopened at any time. Once the hearing has been finally closed, the ZBA must make its decision within 62 days.
What is the basis for the ZBA’s decision on an interpretation?

If requesting a reversal on an interpretative basis, the applicant must prove that the enforcement officer's decision was incorrect, according to a proper reading of the municipality's zoning regulations. If the ZBA has heard a case in the past which involved an interpretation of the same provision, the ZBA's decision will be consistent with its prior ruling. If the ZBA has never interpreted the particular provision at issue, it will use its best judgment as to the municipal governing board's original intent in enacting the provision. Secondarily, the ZBA will try to arrive at the best practical solution for future application by the enforcement officer.

Careful and thorough reference will be given to all definitions and other provisions of the regulations. If necessary, the ZBA will refer to authoritative publications on planning and zoning law. The applicant may, of course, use those resources in presenting his own case as well.

What must be proven in order to be granted a use variance?

If requesting a use variance, that is, permission to establish a use of property not otherwise permitted in the zoning district, the applicant must prove "unnecessary hardship." To prove this, State law requires the applicant to show all of the following:

1. that the property is incapable of earning a reasonable return on initial investment if used for any of the allowed uses in the district (actual "dollars and cents" proof must be submitted);
2. that the property is being affected by unique, or at least highly uncommon circumstances;
3. that the variance, if granted, will not alter the essential character of the neighborhood; and
4. that the hardship is not self-created.

If any one or more of the above factors is not proven, State law requires that the ZBA must deny the variance.

What must be proven in order to be granted an area variance?

If requesting an area variance, that is, permission to build in an otherwise restricted portion of the property (such as in the required front, side or rear yards, or above the required building height, or in excess of the lot coverage regulations), then State law requires the applicant to show that the benefit the applicant stands to receive from the variance will outweigh any burden to health, safety and welfare that may be suffered by the community. State law requires the ZBA to take the following factors into consideration in making its determination:

1. whether an undesirable change will be produced in the character of the neighborhood, or a detriment to nearby properties will be created by the granting of the area variance;
(2) whether the benefit sought by the applicant can be achieved by some method which will be feasible for the applicant to pursue but would not require a variance;

(3) whether the requested area variance is substantial;

(4) whether the proposed variance will have an adverse effect or impact on the physical or environmental conditions in the neighborhood or district; and

(5) whether an alleged difficulty is self-created.

Unlike the use variance test, the ZBA need not find in favor of the applicant on every one of the above questions. Rather, the ZBA must merely take each one of the factors into account. The ZBA may also decide that a lesser variance than the one requested would be appropriate, or may decide that there are alternatives available to the applicant which would not require a variance.

Must the variance, if granted, be exactly what was applied for by the applicant?

Whether the ZBA decides to grant a use or area variance, State law requires the ZBA to grant the minimum variance necessary to provide relief, while at the same time taking care to protect the character of the neighborhood and the health, safety and welfare of the community. For these same reasons, the ZBA may also impose reasonable conditions on the grant of any variance.

If there is no opposition to my variance request, must the ZBA grant the request?

The above rules and standards have been set forth in law and by the courts of the State, and cannot be modified by the Zoning Board of Appeals. If they are not followed, the municipality would be subject to costly lawsuits. The public is entitled to speak in favor of, or against, a proposed project, but opinions in and of themselves are not enough.

Applicants and their representatives should be guided in advance by the appropriate legal standards in deciding whether an appeal would be appropriate. If an appeal is taken, the applicant should present clear, definite facts showing that the standards have been met. The ZBA cannot grant relief where proper legal proof is not adequately presented.
ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS  
Village of Monroe  

APPLICATION FORM

DATE: ________________

GENERAL INFORMATION:

Applicant: ___________________________________________ Email: _______________________
Address: ___________________________________________ Phone: _______________________
City/State/Zip: _____________________________________ Fax: _______________________

Property Owner: _____________________________________ Email: _______________________
Address: ___________________________________________ Phone: _______________________
City/State/Zip: _____________________________________ Fax: _______________________

Engineer/Architect/Surveyor: __________________________ Email: _______________________
Address: ___________________________________________ Phone: _______________________
City/State/Zip: _____________________________________ Fax: _______________________

Attorney: ___________________________________________ Email: _______________________
Address: ___________________________________________ Phone: _______________________
City/State/Zip: _____________________________________ Fax: _______________________

PROPERTY INFORMATION:

Address of Subject Property: __________________________________________________________
Tax Map Designation: Section: _________ Block: ___________ Lot: ________________ Acreage of Parcel: ______________________ Zoning District: ________________
Current Use of Property: ____________________________________________________________
Proposed Use of Property: _________________________________________________________

RELIEF BEING REQUESTED:

Request is hereby submitted for the following relief: (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)

( ) Variance from the requirement(s) of Section(s) _________________________________
( ) Review of an administrative decision or order of the Building Inspector
( ) An order to issue a Certificate of Occupancy
( ) An order to issue a Building Permit
( ) An interpretation of the Zoning Ordinance or Map
( ) Certification of an existing non-conforming structure of use
( ) Other (explain) ______________________________ _______________________________

The decision or order of the Building Inspector of other administrative official being appealed is attached hereto.
If an area variance is requested, specify the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Variance</th>
<th>Required Bulk Dimension</th>
<th>Proposed Bulk Dimension</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lot Area</td>
<td>________________________</td>
<td>________________________</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lot Width</td>
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<td>________________________</td>
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<td>Front Setback</td>
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<td>Rear Setback</td>
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<td>________________________</td>
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<td>One Side Setback</td>
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<td>Both Side Setbacks</td>
<td>_____________________</td>
<td>________________________</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lot Coverage</td>
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<td>________________________</td>
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<tr>
<td>Building Height</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>________________________</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>________________________</td>
<td>________________________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Is this property within 500 feet of: (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)

- State or County Road
- State or County Park
- Long Path
- County Stream
- Municipal Boundary
- County or State Facility

**IF SO, A REVIEW OF THE PLAN MUST BE CONDUCTED BY THE ORANGE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT UNDER THE STATE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, SECTIONS 239 K, L, M AND/OR N.**
APPLICANT’S SIGNATURE AND CERTIFICATION:

I, _____________________________* hereby certify that all the above information contained in the application submitted herewith is true.

______________________________
Signature
Title: ___________________________

*If applicant is a corporation or other entity, fill in the office held by signatory and attach an entity resolution of authority with the application.

OWNER’S AFFIDAVIT AND CONSENT:

STATE OF NEW YORK }
COUNTY OF ORANGE }

I, _____________________________* being duly sworn, hereby depose and say; that I reside at the address indicated herein and that I am the owner of the property that is the subject of the within application to the Zoning Board of Appeals. I hereby authorize the within application on my behalf and verify that the information contained herein is true and accurate. I hereby agree to be bound by the determination of Zoning Board of Appeals. I hereby grant permission to members of the Zoning Board of Appeals to visit the property that is the subject of this application at reasonable times during the day. I further hereby agree that per Article V, §180-21, Levy for Unpaid and Delinquent Fees, that any fee due by a property owner or incurred by the property owner’s duly authorized representative in connection with land use applications submitted to the Zoning Board of Appeals which shall remain unpaid for more than 30 days shall be deemed delinquent; and that upon resolution of the Village Board any delinquent fee may be levied together with all accrued late fees and/or interest upon the ensuing Village tax billing. The levy of delinquent charges upon the Village tax billing shall not constitute an election of remedies by the Village.

______________________________
Signature
Title: ___________________________

*If owner is a corporation or other entity, fill in the office held by signatory and attach an entity resolution of authority with the application.

Sworn to before this ____________
Day of _________________, 20 ___

________________________________
Notary Public
AFFIDAVIT PURSUANT TO SECTION 809 OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW

STATE OF NEW YORK  
COUNTY OF ORANGE  

I, ____________________________, residing at ____________________________,

Being duly sworn, hereby depose and say that all the following statements and the statements contained in the papers submitted herewith are true and the nature and extent of any interests set forth are disclosed to the extent that they are known to the applicant. I certify that I am the owner or agent of all the certain lot, piece or parcel of land and/or building described in this application and, if not the owner, that I have been duly and properly authorized to make this application and to assume responsibility for the owner in connection with this application for the relief below set forth:

1. To the Zoning Board of Appeals of the Village of Monroe, County of Orange, State of New York.

   Application, petition or request is hereby submitted for:

   ( ) Variance from the requirement(s) of Section(s) ____________________________
   ( ) Review of an administrative decision or order of the Building Inspector
   ( ) An order to issue a Certificate of Occupancy
   ( ) An order to issue a Building Permit
   ( ) An interpretation of the Zoning Ordinance or Map
   ( ) Certification of an existing non-conforming structure of use
   ( ) Other (explain) ____________________________

   To permit construction, maintenance and use of ____________________________
   ____________________________
   ____________________________

2. Premises affected are in a ____________ zoning district and designated as the following Section:
   ____________ Block: ____________ Lot: ____________ on the Town of Monroe Tax Map.

3. There is no state officer or employee, Orange County officer or employee, Town of Monroe officer or employee, Village of Monroe officer or employee, nor his or her spouse, brother, sister, parent, child or grandchild, or a spouse of any of these relatives who is the applicant or who has an interest in the person, partnership or association making this application, petition or request, or is an officer, director, partner or employee of the applicant, or that such officer or employee, if this applicant or that such officer or employee, if the applicant is a corporation, legally or beneficially owns or controls any stock of the applicant in excess of 5% of the total of the corporation if its stock is listed on the New York or American Stock Exchanges; or is a member or partner of the applicant, if the applicant is an association or a partnership; nor that such State, County, Town or Village officer or employee nor any member of his family in any of the foregoing classes is a party to an agreement with the applicant, express or implied, whereby such officer or employee may receive any payment or other benefit, whether or not for service rendered, which is dependent or contingent upon the favorable approval of this application, petition or request.
4. That to the extent that the same is known to your applicant, and to the owner of the subject premises there is disclosed herewith the interest of the following officer of employee of the State of New York or the County of Orange or the Town of Monroe or the Village of Monroe in the petition, request or application or in the property or subject matter to which it relates: (if none, so state)

a. Name and Address of officer or employee:
   __________________________________
   __________________________________
   __________________________________

b. Nature of interest: _________________

c. If stockholder, number of shares: _____

d. If officer or partner, nature of office and name of partnership:
   __________________________________
   __________________________________
   __________________________________

e. If a spouse of brother, sister, parent, child, grandchild or the spouse of any of these blood relatives of such state, county or town of village officer or employee, state name and address of such relative and nature of relationship of officer and employee and nature and extent of office, interest or participation or association have an interest in such ownership or in any business entity sharing in such ownership:

f. In the event of corporate ownership: A list of all directors, officers and stockholders of each corporation owning more than five (5%) percent of any class of stock, must be attached, if any of these are officers or employees of the State of New York, or of the County of Orange, or of the Village of Airmont.

I, ______________________________ do hereby depose and say that all the above statements and statements contained in the papers submitted herewith are true, knowing that a person who knowingly and intentionally violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

__________________________________
Signature

Sworn to before this ____________
Day of ________________ , 20 ___

______________________________
Notary Public